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SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1916

The man who insists upon seeing with perfect clearness before he decides, never decides.

—Henri Frederic Amiel.

"Mother" Jones Again

Wherever "Mother" Jones is there is trouble. If It is not already existing to attract her as the carrion attracts the vuiture, she starts it soon after her arrival upon the scene. On Thursday she precipitated a riot in New York, inciting a lot of already troubled and excited women to get into the streets and "raise hell." to her own chaste and elegant language. In certain circumstances one may be warranted in "raising hell"; when he has justice on his side and when a reasonable judgment tells him he may win. But in the matter of the New York strike, regardless of the merits involved, that was already lost.

It would probably never have been started if the threatened milroad strike had not been won, before it was luaugurated, through the weakness of a president and congress. The New York strikers, though, had to deal with another class of officials; who were not jellyfish; who believed that the dignity and honor, of the city should be maintained at the cost of inconvenience and ever suffering.

But returning to "Mother" Jones. There should be someway of effectually dealing with this violent old woman who has been the cause of more disorder and death than any other individual in the course of her long and worse than useless career. She can point to no good and helpful deed that she has accomplished since she injected herself into the "Molly Magnire" troubles at Mauch Chunk Pennsylvania more than forty years ago, to the present day. She has incited hundreds of useless riots and scores of those whom she has misled, have died violent deaths either in conflict or on the gallows. The harm she has done to organized labor has been incalculable. It is true that the more orderly unions have not invited or accepted her services and she has denounced them as bitterly as she has inveighed against the "oppressors of labor. But she has kept herself so nearly constantly attached to the more violent organizations that all trades unionism has been stimmatized.

We remember her here a couple of months ago when her foul and intemeprate language, when the insults she hurled at womanhood, religion and all decency obscured the fact that she was an old woman, whose white hairs alone should have been a compelling bid for respect.

Women of Service

Contrary to a rumor, which has been disseminin the interest of the candidacy of Mr. Hughes, are only members of the idle rich who are engaged in search of a new form of amusement, all are women who have a record of noble service in various directions. Each has done her share toward making communities and men and women happier and better. Their work has been one of self sacrifice. They have distinguished themselves in civic reform, in bringing about an amelioration of industrial conditions, in broadening educational facilities and in equalizing opportunity.

It is true that they are now taking part in a political campaign. Some of them participated actively in the campaign of four years ago as progressives. But they did not participate as politicians, and they were not stimulated by a hope of political preferment. It was to them a work of service, "For the same reason they are now advocating the election of Mr. Hughes, not for the glory of the republican party, but because they believe that Mr. Hughes can better serve the country than Mr. Wilson. It can easily be conceived that circumstances might have found them supporting a candidate of the democratic party if his record had been such as to convince them that he could better serve the country.

Here is a list of these eminent women who will arrive in Phoenix in the course of their tour of the country, on Friday, October 26.

Miss Mary Antin, Scarsdale, N. Y. Lecturer; ather of "From Plotsk to Boston," "The Promised Land," and "They Who Knock at Our Gates."

Miss Helen Varick Boswell, New York, N. Y. Sociologist and lecturer; investigated social conditions on the Isthmus of Panama for the United States goverament; chairman, industrial and social conditions deparement, General Federation of Women's Clubs; president of the Women's Forum of New York City.

Dr. Katherine B. Davis, New York, N. Y. Former superintendent of New York state reformatory for women at Bedford, N. Y; commissioner of correction, New York City; now chairman board of parole, New

Mrs. Rheta Childe Dorr, New York, N. Y. Newspaper and magazine writer and editor; former woman editor, New York Evening Post; now school editor and editorial and special writer New York Evening Mail: chairman, industrial committee, General Federation of Women's Clubs.

Miss Mary E. Dreier, New York, N. Y. Former president of the New York City Women's Trade Union League; member of the New York state factory investigating commission; now member of the New York City board of education.

Dr. Katherine P. Edson, Los Angeles, Cal. Former member Los Angeles charter revision commission; secretary pure milk commission; chalrman, committee on public health, State Federation of Women's

Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott, Newport, R. I. Author and lecturer; a daughter of Julia Ward Howe.

Miss Maude E. Miner, New York, N. Y. Founder

of Waverly House, New York City, as a temporary home for girls sent there by the courts; secretary of the New York Probation association; probation officer of the magistrates' court of the City of New York.

Mrs. Heary Moskowitz, New York, N. Y. Clerk of grievances and manager of the labor department, board of dress and waist manufacturers; chairman, nittee on amusement resources of working girls. Mrs. Nelson O'Shaughnessy, New York, N. Y Wife of the former charge d'affairs to Mexico, and author of

"The Experience of a Diplomat's Wife in Mexico." Mrs. Raymond Robins, Chicago, III. Chairman, legislative committee, Women's Municipal League of New York City; member of the executive board of the Chicago Federation of Labor; member of the com-mittee on industrial education, American Federation of Labor; member of the advisory committee of the Illinois free state employment offices; chairman, industrial committee, Illinois Federation of Women's

Miss Harriet Vittum, Chicago, III. Head resident, Northwestern University Settlement; former secretary of Chicago Women's City Club.

Conscription In Ireland

Whether or not there is any real purpose by British statesmen to apply the conscription act to Ireland, or whether the question is being agitated only for political purposes, for the embarrassment of Premier Asquith, is yet a matter of doubt. But what ever may be the great need of Great Britain for soldiers in the field or for workmen in the munition factories, there should be a further combing of England and Scotland and the British dominions beyond the seas before the application of conscription should be made to Ireland.

The frish people, as a rule, feel that they owe little to Great Britain, and the feeling has been more pronounced since the events of last summer, ending with the execution of Sir Roger Casement. But above all, is the denial to Ireland of the measure of self-government which is enjoyed by practically every outlying possession of Great Britain.

Moreover, when the Irish read of the great crowds in attendance upon races in England, of the triumph of athletes in the tennis courts and on the wolf links, of the audiences which pack London theaters, they naturally believe that before compulsion should be visited upon them, there should be a more rigid application of conscription at home

We find in the London Observer of three weeks ago, the following dispatch:

Mr. Ryan, Premier of Queensland, is in favor of

Increasing soldlers' pay.
"It is anomalous," he said, "that men should risk their lives for 6s, a day when they receive double that amount in civil employment. Conscription of wealth should precede conscription of life, and if the soldiers' pay were doubled, there would be little difficulty in obtaining a sufficient number of volunteers."-Reuter.

This is a sentiment which is now said to be generally prevalent in the colonies; that while the aristoeracy is pretty well represented in the trenches. there is still a large number of the upper, the uppermiddle class and the wealthy to draw upon, but who, for one reason or another, appear to be exempt.

Not long ago The Republican printed an article from a leading Toronto paper, lamenting the lagging of enlistments which had fallen below the daily toll of death and casualties in the Canadian contingent, It was evident that Canada's contribution would fall far short of the predicted total of a half million; it had so far reached only a little more than 300,000. The causes given were, first, a realization of the appalling slaughter and, second, a rising belief that the mother country was not "doing her bit" in the matter of providing cannon fodder.

If such a feeling prevails in loyal Canada, what must be the sentiment to Ireland, where the antipathies of centuries have been so lately and rudely

Few American Sailors

It has been many years since the United States had a merchant marine of its own that cut much of a figure in the world's commerce. More than this, it has been stated that the comparatively few American ships, sailing the seas, are largely manned by foreign sailors. Official reports show that this is true. The total number of seamen shipped and re-shipped on American vessels last year was 252,681. Only 76,956 of these were Americans.

This leaves considerably more than half the small number of men on American ships to be supplied by foreign countries. It may surprise some to learn that next to the Americans, the Spanlards have the largest number of sailors on our ships, the number being 33,139. The remainder are made up as follows: British, 29,523; Scandinavians, 25,194; Germans, 12,-415; Russians, 7,949; all other nationalities, 48,048. It is pointed out that the present American percentage is 43, while in 1914, before the war, it was 47.

Playing On Timidity

The president displays the quality of his gallantry by writing a letter to a woman supporter in Oregon in which he indicates, not in direct, but in hazy, vague and indefinite terms, such as he has become so fond of using, that a change in the administration might involve the United States in war.

The idea of playing on the timidity of women may have commended itself to the president as a clever and adroit political move, like bidding for the support of the labor vote by going into partnership with the members of the railway brotherhoods, even though the partnership was bound to be injurious to public interests, or like professing an eleventh hour conversion to the principle of preparedness while retaining a pacifist and incompetent like Secretary Daniels in

It may be easy to stampede the women voters into the democratic camp by holding the threat of war over them. On the other hand, the scheme may prove a boomerang. Women who have been known to scream at the sight of a mouse or a clap of thunder, have been known to display admirable qualities of courage and heroism in the presence of real danger.

The president will find, as the campaign grows older, that the trouble with his "eight-hour law" as a winning issue is that it benefits such a small minority of the voters. The railroad brotherhoods claim a strength of 400,000, but there are 27,000,000 men of voting age in the United States.

Richard Olney's principal grievance seems to be that the republicans did not interfere to prevent the passage of the Adamson bill, and save the democratic party from going on the rocks. That is a queer argument to advance in behalf of the democratic

The Louisville Courier-Journal is trying to urge some married man into writing "Revelations of a Husband," as a sequel to the serial, "Revelations of a Wife," now being published. But so far nobody has walked into the trap.

Aren't Mr. Bryan's services in demand this year? Must be suffer the mortification of being shelved after playing a leading role in every presidential campaign since 1896?

A GOOD PHRASE

A good phrase can never become a platitude. "The rosy fingers of the dawn" is beautiful today, though it may have been backneyed when Homer put it in the "Iliad."-George Monroe in the Atlantic Monthly.

BETHEL CHURCH HOST FOR BIG CONFERENCE NEXT WEEK





Albertina Rasch of the Imperial Opera, Vienna,

Albertina Rasch of the Imperial Opera, Vienna, dancing along the rocky gulf beach at Galveston, Texas, shows the grace and rhythm that one would only hope to see over a rose-strewn lawn. Attended by her Coryphees, Miss Rasch interprets the new classical dances and is able to skim over the rough rocks with the most finished grace and freedom of

The Fashion Show is Over



meets them with a flat and unanswer-able denial. Paul exposes the utter hollowness of the charges against him by saying: "Neither can they prove to thee the things whereof they now accuse me." It is one thing to make accusations: It is another thing to prove them. This many men forget They fancy assertion is proof, and there are not a few in this world who are ready to accept assertion for proof, if the assertion is very rositive. Many superficial, but loud-mouthed, "higher critics" are asserting that "no scholar now accepts the Mosaic authorable of the Bentranch."

Mosaic authorship of the Pentateuch, and immediately a gaping crowd of men who are too lazy to think for themselves, but who itch for a repu-tation for scholarship and "advanced thought" accept the mere assertion as a proven fact, when in fact it is a baild ite. Some one else asserts, with the air of unquestionable infallibility. that "the carly chapters of Genesis cannot be reconciled with the established conclusions of natural science and that neither their inspiration must and that neither their insulation must be given un, or they must be interpreted as allegory and not as history, and lo, another wondering crowd accepts that absolutely baseless assertion as proven fact. We need a few medern Pauls to sall a halt upon the accusers, and to demand proof instead of assertion. of assertion. Let us say with Paul.
"neither can they prove the things
whereof they now accuse" the Bible.
The writer has had much satisfaction
for some ways. for some years has in demanding troof of these who make wild assertions against Christ's apostles and God's prophets and law-givers, and then watching their confusion. They make no attempt to produce the proof but contend themselves with re-assisting "all scholars are agreed" and that any one who questions it is very dormatic and narrow. There is no proof, "neither can they prove the things," they say. Not only are not "all scholars agreed" but the very best scholars repudiate which they say are settled.

II. How Paul worshipped what he

elieved and what he preached, 14-21.
The way men call "heresy" is often
he way that is according to "what is written" in the Word of God. Paul

BIG CONFERENCE NEXT WEEK

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Why Envy Her? You Can Have Good Hair By Using Cuticura.

Begin tonight. Rub gently spots of dandruff, itching and dryness with Cu-ticura Ointment. In the morning shampoo with Cuticura Soap and hot water using plenty of Soap, best applied with the hands, because it makes them very soft and white. Rinse with tepid water. Read directions around Soap. Nothing better, purer, sweeter than Cuticura Soap for every-day toilet uses, assisted now and then as needed by little touches of Cuticura Ointment. You can have samples free by return mail for the asking. Address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. 14F, Boston." Sold everywhere.